



As the data below show, Hispanics⁺ are quickly becoming a population with a national presence. The most dramatic Latino population growth has occurred in "nontraditional" states, and Hispanics are now the largest minority in the country. Given that almost half of Hispanics are under 25 years old, they will constitute a large segment of the future U.S. population, workforce, and electorate.

Kansas Compared to the Nation

- ✓ Kansas is the state with the 25th-largest Latino population.¹
- Between 1990 and 2000, the growth rate of the Latino population in Kansas ranked 22nd in the country.¹
- Of all states, Kansas has the 19th-largest share of Latinos when compared to the total state population.¹

	Population (2003) ²		Hispanic Percent of	Growth Rate (1990-2000) ¹		Median Age (2003) ²	
	Total	Hispanic	Population ²	Total	Hispanic	Total	Hispanic
U.S.	282,909,885	39,194,837	13.9%	13.2%	57. 9 %	36.0 years	26.7 years
Kansas	2,641,747	178,727	6.8%	8.5%	101.0%	35.6 years	24.9 years

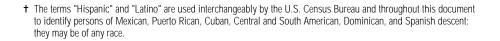
Economic Well-Being

 Latinos represent an increasing share of workers and taxpayers, yet they are overwhelmingly vulnerable to economic downturns and experience high poverty rates, especially among working families with children.

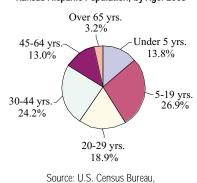
	Total (2003)	Hispanic (2003)	Hispanic Proportion of Total
In Labor Force ³	1,434,000	84,000	5.9%
Participation Rate*	70.0%	78.9%	
Unemployed	77,000	6,000	7.8%
Unemployment Rate	5.4%	6.8%	
Population Below Poverty Level ²	283,745	32,078	11.3%
Percent of Population Below Poverty	10.8%	17.9%	
Population Under 18 (Children) ²	679,028	66,749	9.8%
Children Below Poverty Level	96,313	15,528	16.1%
Percent of Children Below Poverty	14.2%	23.3%	

* The Labor Force Participation Rate is calculated using the civilian, noninstitutionalized population, not the total population.

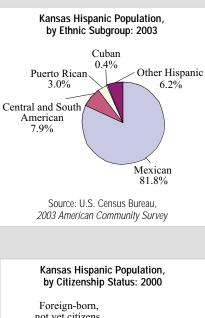
Median Household Income (2003): ²	\$41,075
Hispanic Median Household Income (2003): ²	\$28,341

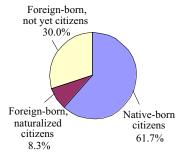






2003 American Community Survey





Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

Education

 Hispanic children are a growing segment of the public school population. In particular, the state has experienced dramatic growth in the Hispanic student population over the last decade.

	Total (2000)	Growth Rate 1990-2000 (Total Pop.)	Hispanic (2000)	Growth Rate 1990-2000 (Hispanic Pop.)
Population 0-4 years ¹	188,708	0.2%	24,779	111.0%
School-Age Population 5-18 years ¹	565,726	11.5%	52,032	94.9%

	Total Children	Hispanic Children	Hispanic Proportion of	
	Enrolled (2003)	Enrolled (2003)	Enrolled Children	
Enrollment, Grades 1-12 ²	458,514	40,571	8.8%	

Health Insurance

 Despite high work participation rates, a significant proportion of the Latino population is uninsured and does not benefit from either private or public insurance.

	Total Nonelderly Uninsured		Hispanic Noneld	Hispanic Proportion		
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	of Nonelderly Uninsured	
Nonelderly (0-64 years) Uninsured⁴	286,100	12.2%	48,870	29.0%	17.1%	

Homeownership

 Although homeownership is at an all-time high, Latinos are still less likely than other Americans to be homeowners.

	Number of Homeowners	Percent of All Householders that are Homeowners	Number of Hispanic Homeowners	Percent of Hispanic Householders that are Homeowners	Hispanic Proportion of Total Homeowners
Owner-Occupied Households ²	726,102	68.6%	25,821	50.3%	3.6%

- ³ Source: U.S. Department of Labor, *Bureau of Labor Statistics: 2003 Annual Averages.*
- ⁴ Source: Henry J. Kaiser Family Foundation, www.statehealthfacts.org: 50 State Comparisons.

¹ Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Census 2000.* Percentages calculated by the National Council of La Raza.

² Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2003 American Community Survey. Percentages calculated by the National Council of La Raza.